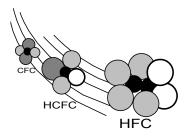


# Refrigerant Changeover Guidelines CFC R-502 to HFC R-404A/R-507

Leading the Industry with Environmentally Responsible Refrigerant Solutions





Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. does not advocate the wholesale changeover of CFC refrigerants to HCFCs or HFCs. If a system is not leaking

refrigerant to the atmosphere, and is operating properly, there is no technical reason to replace the CFC refrigerant. In fact, changing the refrigerant may void the U.L. listing of the system. However, once the decision has been made to make the change from CFC R-502 to HFC R-404A or R-507, the following guidelines are recommended.

#### **CONSIDERATIONS**

- 1. Retrofitting systems that employ compressors manufactured prior to 1973 is not recommended. This is due to the different materials used in motor insulation systems that have not been evaluated for compatibility with the new refrigerants and lubricants. Failure to heed this advice will violate the U.L. Standard For Field Conversion/Retrofit Of Alternate Refrigerants In Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment (U.L.2170-2172).
- 2. Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. lubricant recommendation for use with R-404A/R-507 is a Polyol Ester (POE). For a complete list of lubricants approved by Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. refer to Form 93-11. These are the only POE lubricants approved for use in Copeland® brand compressors and are available from all authorized Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesalers. The use of any other POE lubricant may void the compressor warranty.
- 3. Compressor capacity will be comparable to R-22 in medium temperature applications. However, there can be a significant increase in compressor capacity for low temperature applications. This could result in the condenser being undersized.

It is important that the system contain not more than 5% residual mineral oil. More than 5% may contribute to premature compressor failure and/or system capacity short-fall. Because mineral oils are not miscible with R-404A/R-507, they may log in the evaporator resulting in system capacity loss. It is for this reason that the flushing process must be done with the R-502 in the system.

- 4. R-404A/R-507 can be used in either low or medium temperature systems. R-404A/R-507 should not be mixed with any other refrigerant!
- 5. The expansion valves will probably need to be changed. New power heads and larger orifices will likely be required. The valve manufacturers should be consulted for the exact details.
- 6. Filter-driers must be changed at the time of conversion. This is proper air conditioning/refrigeration practice.
  - a. Solid core driers such as Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. ADK are compatible with either R-502 or R-404A/R-507.
  - b. Compacted bead type driers can use XH6 or XH9 molecular sieve material such as found in the Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. EK or EKH series.
  - c. If a loose fill type drier is to be used, XH9 molecular sieve material is required.
- 7. Pressure regulators such as EPR valves may have to be reset. Contact the EPR manufacturer for the correct settings.
- 8. R-404A/R-507 exhibits higher pressures than R-502 at normal condensing temperatures. This may require that the high pressure safety controls be reset in order to operate as intended.
- 9. The higher pressure characteristics exhibited by R-404A/R-507 will in some cases exceed the industry accepted safety factors on the compressor crankcase (low side). This will require the addition of a pressure relief valve on the compressor crankcase, set at a maximum of 375 psig to adequately protect the compressor from the possibility of excessive pressure. Pressure relief valves can be purchased from your Authorized Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler as part number 998-0051-02. Copeland® brand semi-hermetic compressors that require this additional valve are:
- \* Copeland Discus™ 3D, 4D, 9D and MD
- \* All Other Semi-Hermetic (Non-Discus™ Models)

WARNING: IT IS POSSIBLE THAT EXCESS PRESSURE BUILD-UP ON MODELS INDICATED COULD RESULT IN THE COMPRESSOR BURSTING UNLESS THE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE SPECIFIED HAS BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED ON THE ORIGINALLY BUILT COPELAND™ COMPRESSOR.

WARNING: Use only Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. approved refrigerants and lubricants in the manner prescribed by Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. In some circumstances, other refrigerants and lubricants may be dangerous and could cause fires, explosions or electrical shorting. Contact Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc., Sidney, Ohio for more information.

- 10. Systems that use a low pressure controller to maintain space temperature may need to have the cut in and cut out points changed. Although R-404A/R-507 does exhibit "glide", the average evaporator or condenser temperature is within 0.5°F of the saturated vapor temperature; therefore no correction is required.
- 11. Systems using R-404A/R-507 should have approximately the same system pressure drop as with R-502. Check with the manufacturer of any pressure regulators and pilot operated solenoid valves used in the system to be sure that they will operate properly.
- 12. Mineral oil lubricants, such as 3GS, must not be used as the compressor lubricant with R-404A/R-507. Polyol Ester (POE) lubricant, for a complete list of lubricants approved by Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc., refer to Form 93-11, are the only lubricants that can be used in a Copeland®brandcompressorwhenusing R-404A/R-507.

Before starting the changeover, it is suggested that at least the following items be readily available:

- 1. Safety glasses
- 2. Gloves
- 3. Refrigerant service gauges
- 4. Electronic thermometer
- 5. Vacuum pump capable of pulling 250 microns
- 6. Thermocouple micron gauge
- 7. Leak detector
- 8. Refrigerant recovery unit including refrigerant cylinder
- 9. Proper container for removed lubricant
- 10. New liquid control device
- 11. Replacement liquid line filter-drier(s)
- 12. New POE lubricant
- 13. R-404A/R-507 pressure temperature chart
- 14. R-404A/R-507 refrigerant

#### **CHANGEOVER PROCEDURE**

NOTE: 1. R-404A/R-507 is not compatible with the seal material used in the R-22 Moduload Unloading System. If your system has Moduload, the valve plate assembly <u>MUST</u> be changed.

2. For low temperature Copeland Scroll® ZF compressors, the liquid injection requirements are different and the proper cap tube or DTC valve must be used.

Consult your Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler for the proper part numbers.

- 1. The system should be thoroughly leak tested with the R-502 refrigerant still in the system. All leaks should be repaired before the R-404A/R-507 refrigerant is added.
- 2. It is advisable that the system operating conditions be recorded with the R-502 still in the system. This will provide the base data for comparison when the system is put back into operation with the R-404A/R-507.
- 3. It is necessary to thoroughly remove the existing mineral oil lubricant from the system before the refrigerant is changed. No more than 5% residual mineral oil may be left in the system when it is recharged with R-404A/R-507 for proper compressor operation. No more than 1 to 2% residual mineral oil may be required to assure no loss of heat transfer if enhanced tube heat exchangers are used in the system.

## I. Systems with service valves

- a. Disconnect electrical power to system.
- b. Front seat the service valves to isolate the compressor.
- c. Properly remove the R-502 from the compressor.
- d. Remove the mineral oil lubricant from the compressor. Hermetic compressors will have to be removed from the system and tipped up to drain the lubricant out through the suction/process fitting.
- e. Those systems that have oil separators, oil reservoirs, oil floats and suction line accumulators must have the mineral oil drained from them. Add POE lubricant to the oil separator and to the oil reservoir.
- f. Replace the liquid line filter-drier with one that is compatible with R-404A/R-507.
- g. Fill the compressor with the proper amount of POE lubricant. The oil charge is on the label of the compressors. If the lubricant charge is unknown, an authorized Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler can provide the technician with the information.
- h. Reinstall the compressor in the system. Evacuate it to 250 microns. A vacuum decay test is suggested to assure the system is dry and leak free.
- i. Recharge the system with R-502.
- j. Operate the compressor in the system for a minimum of 24 hours. On large systems with long piping runs, experience indicates operating for several days to allow for thorough mixing of the remaining mineral oil and POE will minimize the number of flushes.
- k. Repeat steps 3.I.a through j until the residual mineral oil is less than 5%. This may require two flushes of the system's lubricant.

I. In most cases, three complete flushes of the lubricant lowers the mineral oil to the desired percentage or less in the system. To be sure of the mineral oil content between flushes and to be sure that the system ultimately has 5% or less mineral oil, test kits are available from Virginia KMP or Nu Calgon. A Refractometer may also be used to determine the residual mineral oil in the system. The Refractometer (P/N 998-RMET-00) is available from your Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler.

m. Properly dispose of the lubricant removed from the system after each flush.

# II. Systems without service valves

- a. Disconnect electrical power to system.
- b. Properly remove the R-502 from the system.
- c. Remove the mineral oil lubricant from the compressor. Hermetic compressors will have to be removed from the system and tipped up to drain the lubricant out through the suction/process fitting.
- d. It may be advisable to add service valves at the compressor suction and discharge connections. The compressor will have to have its lubricant changed generally three times.
- e. Those systems that have oil separators, oil reservoirs, oil floats and suction line accumulators must have the mineral oil drained from them. Add POE lubricant to the oil separator and to the oil reservoir.
- f. Replace the liquid line filter-drier with one that is compatible with R-404A/R-507.
- g. Fill the compressor with the proper amount of POE lubricant. The oil charge is on the label of the compressors. If the lubricant charge is unknown, an authorized Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler can provide the technician with the information.
- h Reinstall the compressor in the system. Evacuate it to 250 microns. A vacuum decay test is suggested to assure the system is dry and leak free.
- i. Recharge the system with R-502.
- j. Operate the compressor in the system for a minimum of 24 hours. On large systems with long piping runs, experience indicates operating for several days to allow for thorough mixing of the remaining mineral oil and POE will minimize the number of flushes.
- k. Repeat steps 3.II.a through j until the residual mineral oil is less than 5%.
- I. To date, three complete flushes of the lubricant lowers the mineral oil to 5% or less in the system. To

- be sure of the mineral oil content between flushes and to be sure that the system ultimately has 5% or less mineral oil, test kits are available from Virginia KMP or Nu Calgon. A Refractometer may also be used to determine the residual mineral oil in the system. The Refractometer (P/N 998-RMET-00) is available from the Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. wholesaler.
- m. Properly dispose of the lubricant after each flush.
- 4. With the proper amount of polyol ester in the system, the R-502 can now be removed. Measure and note the amount removed.
- 5. Before the final flush, be sure all leaks are repaired, liquid control devices and any other system components are changed. Install the correct liquid line filter-drier. Driers must be compatible with the refrigerant and lubricant.
- 6. Be advised that POEs are very hygroscopic. They will very quickly absorb moisture from the air once the container is opened. Once the lubricant is added to the compressor, the compressor should be quickly installed. Like an open container, an open compressor with POE will absorb moisture. Add the correct amount of lubricant to the compressor. It is important that the system contain not more than 5% mineral oil. More than 5% may contribute to premature compressor failure and/or system capacity problems. Mineral oils are not miscible with R-404/R-507. The lubricant may log in the evaporator resulting in system capacity loss. It is for this reason that the flushing process must be done with the R-502 in the system.
- 7. Once the compressor is installed and the system is closed, the system must be evacuated to and hold 250 microns or lower.
- 8. Charge the system with the R-404A/R-507. Charge to 90% of the refrigerant removed in item 4. R-404A/R-507 must leave the charging cylinder in the liquid phase. It is suggested that a sight glass be connected between the charging hose and compressor suction service valve. This will permit adjustment of the cylinder valve to assure the refrigerant enters the compressor in the vapor state.
- 9. Operate the system. Record the data and compare to the data taken in item 2. Check and adjust the TEV superheat setting if necessary. Make adjustments to other controls as needed. Additional R-404A/R-507 may have to be added to obtain optimum system performance.
- 10. Properly label the components. Tag the compressor with the refrigerant used (R-404A/R-507) and the lubricant used. The proper color code for R-404A is Pantone Orange PMS (Paint Matching System) 021C; for R-507, Teal, PMS 326.
- 11. Clean up and properly dispose of the removed

lubricant. Check local and state laws regarding the disposal of refrigerant lubricants. Recycle or reclaim the removed refrigerant.

CAUTION: These guidelines are intended for use with R-404A and/or R-507 only. Other refrigerants may not be compatible with the materials used in our compressors or the lubricants recommended in this bulletin resulting in unacceptable reliability and durability of the compressor.

### **ADDENDUM**

The contents of this publication are presented for informational purposes only and are not to be construed as warranties or guarantees, express or implied, regarding the products or services described herein or their use or applicability. Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc. and/or its affiliates (collectively "Emerson"), as applicable, reserve the right to modify the design or specifications of such products at any time without notice. Emerson does not assume responsibility for the selection, use or maintenance of any product. Responsibility for proper selection, use and maintenance of any Emerson product remains solely with the purchaser or end user.

POE must be handled carefully and the proper protective equipment (gloves, eye protection, etc.) must be used when handling POE lubricant. POE must not come into contact with any surface or material that might be harmed by POE, including without limitation, certain polymers (e.g. PVC/CPVC and polycarbonate).

The information contained herein is based on technical data and tests which we believe to be reliable and is intended for use by persons having technical skill, at their own discretion and risk. Since conditions of use are beyond the control of Emerson Climate Technologies, Inc., we can assume no liability for results obtained or damages incurred through the application of the data presented.

R-404A/507 Temperature/Pressure Chart										
Vapor Pressure PSIG	Vapor Temp. °F R-404A	Vapor Temp. °F R-507	Vapor Pressure PSIG	Vapor Temp. °F R-404A	Vapor Temp. °F R-507	Vapor Pressure PSIG	Vapor Temp. °F R-404A	Vapor Temp. °F R-507		
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	-50 -48 -46 -43.5 -41 -39 -37 -35 -33 -31.5	-52.1 -49.7 -47.3 -46 -43 -41 -39 -37 -35.3 -33.5	60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69	23 24 25 25.5 26 27 28 28.5 29 29.5	20.9 21.6 22.3 23.1 23.8 24.5 25.2 25.8 26.5 27.2	110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150	53 56 58 60 63 65 67 69 71	50.7 53.2 55.6 57.9 60.1 62.3 64.4 66.5 68.6		
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	-30 -28 -26 -24.5 -23 -21.5 -20 -19 -18 -16.5	-31.8 -30.2 -28.6 -27 -25.5 -24 -22.6 -21.2 -19.8 -18.4	70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	30 31 32 32.5 33 33.5 34 34.5 35 36	27.9 28.5 29.2 29.8 30.5 31.1 31.7 32.4 33 33.6	155 160 165 170 175 180 185 190 195 200	73 75 77 79 81 82 84 86 88	70.6 72.5 74.4 76.3 78.1 79.9 81.7 83.4 85.1 86.7		
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	-15 -13.5 -12 -11 -10 -8.5 -7 -6 -5	-17.1 -15.8 -14.6 -13.4 -12.2 -11 -9.8 -8.7 -7.5 -6.4	80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	37 37.6 38.2 38.8 39.4 40 40.6 41.2 41.8 42.4	34.2 34.8 35.4 36 36.6 37.2 37.8 38.4 39	205 210 215 220 225 230 235 240 245 250	90.5 92 94 96 97.5 99 100.5 102 103	88.3 89.9 91.5 93.1 94.6 96.1 97.5 99 100.4 101.8		
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	-3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5	-5.4 -4.3 -3.3 -2.2 -1.2 -0.2 0.8 1.7 2.7 3.6	90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99	43 43.4 43.8 44.2 44.6 45 45.6 46.2 46.8 47.4	40.1 40.7 41.2 41.8 42.4 42.9 43.4 44 44.5 45.1	255 260 265 270 275 280 285 290 295 300	105.5 107 108.5 110 111.5 113 114 115 116.5 118	103.2 104.6 105.9 107.2 108.6 109.8 111.1 112.4 113.6 114.8		
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	7 8 9 10 11 11.5 12 13 14	4.6 5.5 6.4 7.3 8.2 9 9.9 10.7 11.6 12.3	100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109	48 48.6 49.2 49.8 50.4 51 51.4 51.8 52.2 52.6	45.6 46.1 46.7 47.2 47.7 48.2 48.7 49.2 49.7 50.2	305 310 315 320 325 330 335 340 345 350	119 120 121 122 123.5 125 126 127 128 129	116 117.2 118.4 119.6 120.7 121.8 123 124.1 125.2 126.3		
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	16 16.5 17 18 19 19.5 20 21 22 22.5	13.2 14 14.8 15.6 16.4 17.2 17.9 18.7 19.4 20.2	n. The average of			355 360 365 370 375 380 385 390 395 400	130.5 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140	127.3 128.4 129.4 130.5 131.5 132.5 133.5 134.5 135.5 136.4		

Note: Saturated Vapor Temperatures are shown. The average evaporator or condenser temperature is within .5° F of the saturated vapor temperature; therefore, no correction is required.

